

# THE BLUE BERET

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## AMPIO LEAVES

LONGEST  
SERVING  
MEMBER OF  
UNFICYP



Last week saw the departure of the Force's longest serving member, when Captain Veikko 'Nappi' Kaukonen, the Finnish Contingent AMPIO, left on the early morning flight for Athens on Thursday.

Captain Kaukonen — or Nappi — as he was known throughout all Contingents of the Force, had been with UNFICYP since its formation in April 1964. He is returning to Finland via Greece, Turkey and Switzerland.

NEW YEAR MESSAGE FROM SECRETARY-GENERAL

## APPEAL FOR PEACE

CO-OPERATION HELD BACK BY 'DARK  
BARRIERS' OF WAR SAYS U THANT

ON THE EVE OF THE NEW YEAR, UNITED NATIONS SECRETARY-GENERAL, U THANT, CALLED ONCE AGAIN FOR AN EARLY END TO THE WAR IN VIET-NAM, AND EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT 1967 WOULD BE MARKED BY "A RELENTLESS EFFORT... IN THE GREAT SEARCH FOR PEACE AND UNITY IN THE WORLD". Despite serious divergencies of view about the conflict in South-East Asia, said U Thant, he was sure that he reflected the concern of an increasing number of people in the world who were deeply disturbed by the untold miseries and the grave risks to which it gave rise. And in addition to the moral aspects, he pointed out, there was "the formidable waste of energy and resources... which could be devoted to the more constructive tasks of building together with all nations a world capable of fulfilling man's eternal hopes for peace, justice and freedom".

While the United Nations had not so far been in a position to bring an end to the Viet-Nam conflict, the message continued, it was nevertheless within the scope of the world Organization to call the attention of all leaders and peoples to the grave problems "whose solution is sadly delayed as long as war obscures the horizon and freezes our attitudes".

First of all, said U Thant, there was the problem of hunger, which had already crippled millions of lives, and would within a few years "reach unimaginable proportions unless new and determined efforts on a world-wide basis are undertaken immediately and pressed forcefully in the years ahead". Observing that the UN General Assembly had called for a larger food programme, the Secretary-General stressed that, unless there were full co-operation by all concerned, little could usefully be achieved.

He spoke also of the "discouraging spectacle" of a slow-down in the flow of capital from developed to developing countries and the growth of dangerous divisions between the rich and the poor. U Thant said that it was necessary to recall year after year that the most elementary human rights were still denied to men in vast areas of the world. By unanimously adopting two Covenants on economic, social and cultural rights and civil and political rights, he said, the General Assembly had just fulfilled one of

## UN PREPARES FOR NEW YEAR

AS THE SECRETARY-GENERAL CONTINUED HIS "PRIVATE" AND "QUIET" PERSONAL EFFORTS TO BRING AN END TO THE VIET-NAM WAR, BOTH THE SECRETARIAT AND OTHER MAJOR ORGANS OF THE UNITED NATIONS WERE PREPARING FOR THE WORK OF THE MONTHS AHEAD IN VARIED FIELDS OF U.N. ENDEAVOUR, INCLUDING PEACE-KEEPING, DECOLONIZATION AND IN THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL FIELD.

Coming up before the next Assembly session will be the controversial issue of peace-keeping and its financing. In putting off the debate on peace-keeping until the spring session, the Assembly, at the twenty-first session which has just ended, asked the special

thirty-three nation group to continue its study of the whole problem. During earlier debates continuing divergencies on the relative powers of the Security Council and the General Assembly in authorizing and financing peace-keeping undertakings had been shown.

On the problem of Rhodesia, which has been the subject of repeated and anxious deliberations in both the Assembly and the Security Council, the latest Council resolution specifically provided for follow-up action. The Secretary-General is to report to the Council on how the December 16 decision is being carried out, the first report to be submitted not

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## AWARDS FOR FORCE MEMBERS



PENDER: Receives OBE

THREE FORMER MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH CONTINGENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS FORCE IN CYPRUS AND ONE CURRENT MEMBER were honoured by Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II in the New Year's Honours list published in London on 1 January.

Lieutenant Colonel G.C.R.L. Pender, MBE, the Commanding Officer of the First Battalion, The Royal Highland Fusiliers — the major unit of BRITCON from October 1965 to April last year



TRACEY: Awarded BEM

— becomes an Officer of the Order of the British Empire (OBE).

Major Ken Battson, who was Senior Major of the First Battalion, The Royal Welch Fusiliers during their tour with UNFICYP

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## DANCON-NYT



Med julen og årsskiftet er også appelsinerne blevet modne, og her har vi i juledag i strålende solskin fotograferet KS John Larsen fra flyverkommandoen i Karup (tv.) og KS Keld Christensen fra JIR i Randers, medens de tager for sig af retterne.



Tiden mellem jul og nytår er jo en stille periode, og her benytter KS Elif Nielsen, JDR, KS Bent Mathiesen (Thies), SIR, og KS Poul Rasmussen, JIR, tiden til at friske lidt op på Bravo-kompagniets skilt.



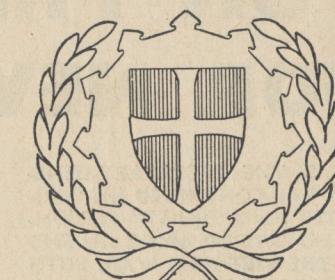
Også i Charley-kompagniet udnyttede man de stille stunder, og her er KS Alf Kjeldsen, SLVR, (tv.) og John Pedersen (Kylle), FLVK i Karup, i ferd med at foretage ettersyn på en jeep.



## HVOR KOMMER EGENTLIG VORT RUGBROED FRA?

ER DER NOGET, VI DANSKE NØDIGT VIL UNDVÆRE, NÅR VI ER I UDLANDET FOR LÆNGERE TID, så er det den danske mad og vel nok frem for alt det danske rugbrød. En del har undret sig over, hvorledes vi kan få det her på Cypern, men her får de forklaringen. De første hold, der gjorde tjeneste på Cypern under FN, måtte leve af de for os så kedelige engelske rationer, men en skønne dag var der en madglad sjæl, der fandt ud af, at vi også måtte kunne sætte vort danske særpræg på maden.

Han vidste, at der i den engelske base i Dhekelia fandtes nogle store bagerier, og han allierede sig derfor med master baker'en her og nogle danske bagere, der gjorde tjeneste i DANCON. De danske bagere kom til Dhekelia og lærte englænderne at bage dansk rugbrød, og siden da er der blevet bagt rugbrød hveranden dag for at dække vort behov. Det bages udelukkende til os, idet ingen af de andre kontingenter bryder sig om vor form for rugbrød, og det er et imponerende syn at se fremstillingen.



mere end 20.000 småkager, vaniljekræsne m.v., og at resultatet var fint, kan vi vist alle godt være enige om.

Fra det øjeblik, dejen fra æltemaskinen bliver lagt til den første tørring, og til det efter lange og indviklede bage-tørreprocesser fremtræder til forbrugerne sirligt indpakket i voxpapir, er det uberørt af menneskehånd. Melet købes normalt lokalt på øen, transporteres derefter til Famagusta, hvor det oplages, og efterhånden som der er brug for det, bringes det videre til producenten i Dhekelia.

Iovrigt kan i forbifarten nævnes, at de småkager, som vi delikaterede

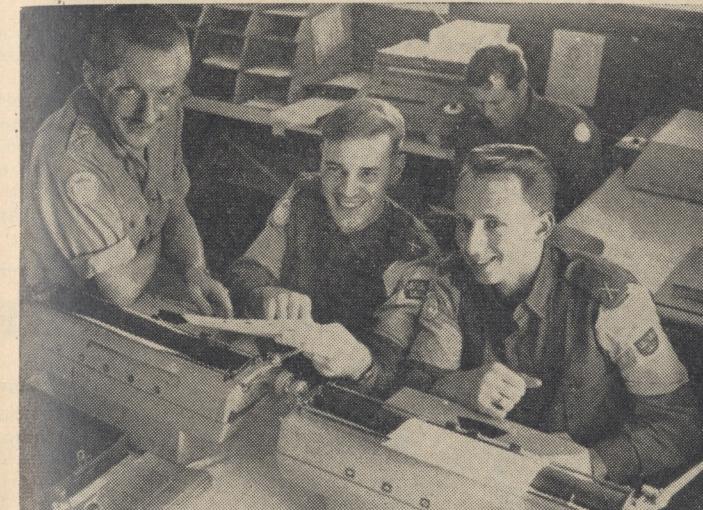
på fotoet ses kogebefalingsmænden fra KIH, SG P. Jensen, STRR, modtage det friske brød fra medhjælper ved DANCON's forplejningsdepot KS P. Nielsen, PLR, medens SG F. Jacobsen, FIK, overvåger udleveringen.

## GOTT NYTT ÅR!



Uppgiften att önska oss ett Gott Nytt År är ju ett typiskt sektion 3-ärende. Här kommer också en nyärshälsning via The Blue Beret från korpals Christer Ekman och chefen sektion 3, major Lars Molin. Vi bockar och säger: tack detsamma!

## Exercis med papper . . .



Pappersexercis och vapenexercis—båda är lika ofrånkomliga på en FN-bataljon. Den verkliga storproducenten av papper inom bataljonen är skrivcentralen på Carl Gustaf Camp, som varje dag skriver ut lägesorienteringar, nyheter, sitrapar, infsummär och allt vad det heter. Ovan har (fr h) Börje Johansson, Eringsboda och Håkan Zettergren, Falun på skriva just fått ett nytt uppdrag av fanjunkare Görgen Persson, Borås—uppenbarligen av det angenämare slaget.



## SVENSKNYTT

## TV PROGRAM OM BAT 36 C SPELAS IN DENNA VECKA

ETT SVENSKT TV-TEAM BESÖKER JUST NU BATALJONEN. DET BESTÅR AV REDAKTÖR ÅKE BROLIN OCH FOTOGRAF KRISTER HANSSON, som stannar här till den 12 januari. De reser runt till kompanier och OP:n för att spela in ett program, som skall skildra FN-soldatens fritid. Detta program kommer att sändas i Sveriges TV den 10 februari, och vi hoppas kunna få med en kopia till bataljonen.

det ett program i den lättare stilens under medverkan av flera av bataljonens egena förmågor. Tid: 19.30, väglängd 495 meter.



## . . . och med vapen



Den sortens exercis som man vanligen förbinder med soldater demonstreras här av en platon ur 3 komp i samband med bataljonschefens inspektion nyligen. Tv chefen för 3 komp major Ulf Ling-Vannerus och bataljonschefen överste Bertil Stjernfelt.

Från Annadag jul till 2 januari sköttes vakthållningen vid HQ UNFICYP, Nicosia, av en svensk vaktstyrka från de olika kompanierna. Fanjunkare Emil Gåddman, Vaxholm, förde befälet över de femton svenska som kontrollerade in- och utpasseringen vid HQ:s båda grindar samtidigt som de fick lite extra övning i att använda engelska språket. Ovan gör Olle Wennergren, Katrineholm, honnör för en inpasserande Land-Rover.



BRITISH CONTINGENT NEWS

## NEW YEAR GUESTS FOR BLACK WATCH

Among the guests who attended an informal luncheon at Polemidhia Camp on 31st December was the Force Commander, Lieutenant General A. E. Martola. Pictured above and left, the Force Commander is seen with Lieutenant Colonel Earle Nicoll, Com-Young of 1 BW.

manding Officer of the Battalion. Also attending the function was Major John Hardy of the Black Watch, (Royal Highland Regiment) of Canada. Pictured below left, he is talking with Piper Bob

ant Colonel Earle Nicoll, Com-Young of 1 BW.



## NEW LEAVE CENTRE

LAST WEEK was an auspicious week for the Irish Contingent. By permission of the Officer Commanding a new leave centre was established in Komotini Street, Famagusta. Irish troops serving in Cyprus, with the 7th Infantry Group and UNFICYP HQ will now find it possible to enjoy their UN leave in convivial surroundings, right on the sea front, for a modest nominal cover charge. A great need existed for such a facility and the Seventh and notably Comdt Frank Neill, the unit Second in Command, are to be congratulated on their initiative and enterprise.

• This week two very popular officers of our Contingent have reached the end of their tour of duty in Cyprus. Commandants Jim Seward (Force Engineer) and Eamonn O'Brien (Signals Staff Officer) are being replaced by Commandants Bill White and Bill McDonnell respectively. While we will miss their smiling faces, let's wish our departing compatriots God's speed and a happy landing on the auld sod! To the new arrivals — welcome aboard!



A general view of the newly opened Irish leave centre in Famagusta.



### IRISH CONTINGENT NEWS

Pte James O'Toole, of Athy, Co Kildare, on point duty at Limnitis.



The victorious Rugby seven-a-side team pictured at Xeros.

## AROUND HEADQUARTERS

Again this week we spotlight some of the 'unsung heroes' whose work contributes towards the efficient operation of the Force Headquarters. Pictured left, Cleanman Lou Wicks (left) whose home is in Manchester, repairs a defect in a mechanical grease-pump watched by Lance Corporal Wally Hickling from Barnsley. Lou is a member of the HQ UNFICYP Workshop, REME, and Wally is with 42 Squadron, RCT. Right: Printing a name-tag for a new arrival at Headquarters is Lance Corporal Don Donal, RAOC, from Coventry. Don is the clothing storeman at HQ UNFICYP.



The first guests arriving at the leave centre in Komotini Street.

## KOMMANDOWECHSEL IM A.F.H.

AM FREITAG, DEM 30 DEZEMBER 1966 FAND IM AUSTRIAN FIELD HOSPITAL KOMMANDOWECHSEL STATT, als Oberst Otto Renth, MDMS, die Fuehrung an den neuen Kommandanten Oberst Benno Nussbaumer, MD, uebergab.

Der Uebergabe wohnte Force Commander General Martola bei, welcher anschliessend an jene Angehoerige des Austrian Field Hospitals die UN Friedensmedaille ueberreichte, die ihren dreimonatigen Turnuss in Cypern beendet hatten. An 19 Offizieren und Soldaten wurden insgesamt diese Medaillen verliehen.

Ausser Oberst Renth, verliessen 21 Angehoerige des Field Hospitals die Insel. Mit Oberst Nussbaumer trafen 23 Neuankommende ein. Diese Gruppe war schon

fortsetzung auf Seite sieben

UNten links: Der Force Commander, General Leutnant A.E. Martola mit (links) Oberst Benno Nussbaumer, M.D., und (rechts) Oberst Otto Renth der Cypern verlaesst.

UNten rechts: Der Force Commander ueberreicht UN Friedensmedaille.

## NEW ZEALAND POLICE ROTATE

RETURN HOME VIA THREE CONTINENTS

On Monday a contingent of fifteen New Zealanders arrived at Akrotiri to take charge of UNFICYP's Limassol Zone policing duties. The new Contingent is led by Superintendent Bryan Dean, aged 36. Before his appointment to the Cyprus position, Superintendent Dean was the Senior Instructor at the Police Training School at Trentham, New Zealand, a post he had held for a number of years.

He will remain in Cyprus for six months and is accompanied by an Inspector, two Sergeants and eleven Constables. Five Constables who served with the previous unit are remaining on the island with the newcomers.

Superintendent Ken Sykes and fourteen members of his Contingent who have served in Limassol

Zone since June last year left the island today (Wednesday) en route for New Zealand via Britain, America and Hawaii. The party is expected to reach home on 19 January.

Pictured left, Superintendent Sykes saying farewell to Constable Alan Harris who is remaining on the island for a further six months.



Kuningas on kuolut... Kaksi vuotta ja yhdeskäsi kuukautta kyröksessä palvelty, kaikkien tuntema kapteeni "Nappi", Veikko Kaukonen on viimein luopunut lippalakistaan ja matkustanut pois. Saareelta, mutta ei YK:sta, sillä Nappi suunnittelee siirtymistä nytkin alkaneen lomansa jälkeen PR-tehtäviin Geneveen tai Montrealiin. Kuvasa Nappi vähän ennen lähtöään keskustelemassa majuri laineen kanssa.



Vieraita esikunnan pihalla. Kuvassa vasemmalta eversti A. Räisänen, evl. E. Poroila, majuri L. Forsman ja pois jo matkustanut henkilöosaston pääliköön Unficipista, evl. Salin.

## PATALJOONA SIIRTYI UUTEEN VUOTEEN

**VUODEN VAIHTUMINEN LUVUKSI 1967 NÄKI ROTAATION TAAS KERRAN PÄÄTTYNEENÄ JA UUSIA MIEHIÄ ASTUNEINA VASTUUSEEN KAIKISSA PORTAISSA.** Vähän ennen vuoden vaihdetta oli kontingentilla kunnia ottaa vastaan ryhmä vieraita, jotka tutustuivat pataljoonan toimintaympäristöön ja saaren tilanteeseen kahden päivän aikana.

Uudenvuodenä pidettiin englantilaisessa kirkossa pataljoonan jumalanpalvelus, joka päättyi klo 00.15 vuoden -67 puolella. Kirkkoukseerina toimi tiedustelujoukkueen johtaja yliulunantti Seppä. Pataljoonan sotilaspastori Enok Reima oli juuri aattona saapunut matkalla Pyhäästä maasta, jossa hän oli perheineen vierailut mm. Jerusalemissa, Jerikossa ja Betlehemiässä.

Muuten juhlittiin Uutta Vuotta pataljoonan eri yksiköissä epävirallisesti messeissä ja kaupungilla. Pääesikunnasta olivat kyytymässä sotatalousosaston päälikkö eversti K. Halmevaara, saman osaston toimistoesiipseeri L. Forsman, tiedotustoimiston päälikkö evl. E. Poroila, YK-toimiston päälikkö majuri T. Kuosa sekä kapteeni M. Lähteenmäki ulkomaisastolta.

Vieraita puolustusministeriöstä olivat talousosaston tarkastustainoston päälikkö evl. A. Ahola sekä kamreeri E. Ahmasvirta samalta osastolta.

Vihdin Sat TR:stä olivat muunakin komentaja, eversti A. Räisänen ja huoltopäälikkö majuri P. Paasio.

Pitemmäksi aikaa saapui sen sijaan Salamapalloliiton varapuheenjohtaja, opettaja Mäki-Kuuti, jonka tarkoituksena on opettaa suomalaisille ja siinä sivussa ruotsalaisillekin tätä meikäläistä rugbya. Opettaja Mäki-Kuuti viipyi luonamme tammikuun 22. päivänä saakka.

### VIERAILUJA

Ensimmäisen rotaatiolennon mukana saapui kontingenttiin korkearoivisia vieraita pääesikunna-



Pioneerit ovat pitäneet vuotuisen harjoituksensa Dekheliassa. Harjoituksen johtajana toimi pioneerijoukkueen johtaja ylik. Alanko. Kuvasa pojat porausharjoituksissa Cobrillaan.

## POSTIMAKSUISTA

**ILMOITETAKOON VI-ELÄ KERRAN,** että postimakset kohosivat suomen liikenteen osalta vuoden vaihteessa. Uudet hinnat ovat on-

nittelukor tista 20p Suomen rahaa, kirjotetusta kortista 30p, ja kirjeistä 40p. Pikkupaketteja ei postimme tunne enää laisinkaan.

### UUSIA MIEHIA

Nyt päättyneen rotaation yhteydessä saapui kontingenttiin uusia kasvoja kaikkiaan 158, joista upseereja oli 18, aliupseereja 12 sekä miehistöä 128. Lennot sujivat kaikin puolin aikataulun mukaan vain etukomennuskunnalla oli Convairin lakkolevan moottorin ja lukemattomien välilaskujen ansiosta odottettua paljon pitempä ja vaiherikkaampi matka, mihin kaikki mukana olleet olivat vain tytyväisiä.

### VIERAILUJA

Ensimmäisen rotaatiolennon mukana saapui kontingenttiin korkearoivisia vieraita pääesikunna-

### CANADIAN CONTINGENT NEWS

## FROM SOLDIERS TO MUSICIANS...

### ROYAL CANADIANS MAKE THE BIG JUMP REGULARLY — FOR ENTERTAINMENT

IT'S A BIG JUMP FROM COMBAT SUIT AND 106 MM RECOILLESS RIFLE TO PITH HELMET, THE REGIMENTAL SCARLET AND A PISTON BUGLE OR SIDE DRUM. But eighteen soldiers of the 1st Battalion, The Royal Canadian Regiment, do it frequently.

And there are five Royal Canadians who go even further by transforming themselves from machine gunners, drivers and signallers into a swinging dance combo.

All are professional soldiers, make no mistake, but not one of them is a professional musician.

The eighteen soldiers from the anti-tank platoon of the Canadian Battalion form a corps of drums. Others are employed in a similar part-time vein with the Regiment's 2nd Battalion under NATO in Germany.

They have in Cyprus a bass and two side drums, two glockenspiels and twelve piston bugles. Although operations with the UN peace-keeping Force cut military ceremonials to the bone, the corps of drums is a morale factor to be reckoned with.

With the UN badge fixed on their dress helmets, the Royal Canadians have appeared in public concerts on the island, have played for school children and hospital patients in several island communities and in so doing have helped cement the good relations the Canadian Contingent enjoys with the inhabitants of the Kyrenia District.

### OESTERREICHES

**ZEITUNG** fortsetzung von Seite fünf.

vor zwei Wochen eingetroffen, um noch von den erfahrenen Kameraden in ihre zukünftigen Dienste eingeweiht zu werden. Ausser an deren Einrichtungen verfügt das Field Hospital derzeit über zwei Zahnaerzte und Narkosespezialisten. Auch hatte ein zweiter Chirurg eintreffen sollen. Aus Krankheitsgründen hat sich seine Ankunft verschoben.

Der neue Kommandant Oberst Nussbaumer trat im Jahre 1937 in das Oesterreiches — Bundesheer ein. In der Zeit des 2. Weltkrieges vervollständigte er seine Medizinstudien. Oberst Nussbaumer hat sich der Chirurgie verschrieben und hat vier Jahre in einer Klinik in Graz, seiner Heimatstadt, gearbeitet. Als Veteran im UN Dienste, diente Oberst Nussbaumer in der Zeit 1960 - 1961 im Kongo und befehligte nun zum 2. Mal das Austrian Field Hospital in Cypern.

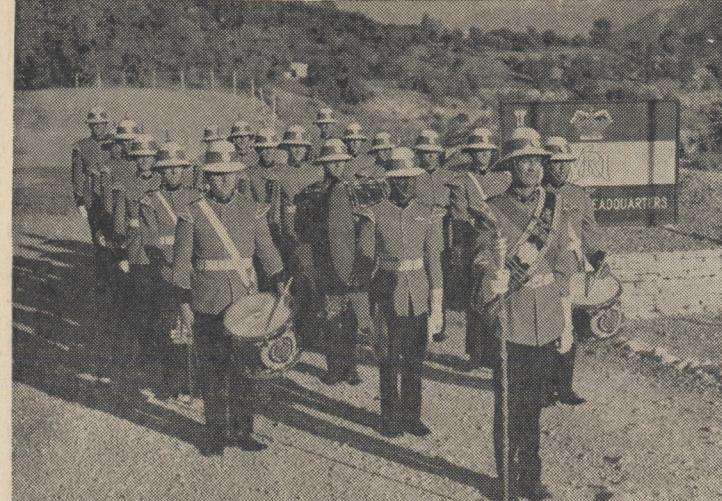
In 1884, the Regiment saw service during the North-West Rebellion — the first occasion on which Dominion troops conducted, without

The corps of drums is led by Sgt. John Martin, 33, of Hamilton, Ontario, who has blood of Canada's famous Six Nations Indians in his veins. They play marches and modern jazz, some thirty-five selections in all.

From the corps of drums and elsewhere in the battalion come The Avantis, named after the flashy sports car, who produce flashy music for the dance floor. The five young men (they are all in their 20s) have earned themselves a musical reputation not only in the Canadian district but also to Cypriots at large by way of radio and television performances.

Currently playing three guitars and drums, The Avantis have been together some six months and, with a little augmenting, hope to become true professionals one day. They have invested several thousands of dollars on instruments and amplifiers so far and the end is not in sight.

They've been seen on Cyprus Broadcasting Corporation's Christmas eve show and have been heard twice on CBC UN broadcasts, one of the broadcasts their own special show.



ABOVE: The Corps of Drums of 1 RCR in full dress uniform, led by Sergeant John Martin. BELOW: RCR's dance band, The Avantis, in session.



## RCR CELEBRATE THEIR EIGHTY - ANNIVERSARY

DURING THE WEEK BEFORE CHRISTMAS, THE MAJOR UNIT OF THE CANADIAN CONTINGENT OF THE FORCE, THE FIRST BATTALION, THE ROYAL CANADIAN REGIMENT, CELEBRATED THE REGIMENT'S EIGHTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF ITS FOUNDATION. The Royal Canadian Regiment, the oldest regular infantry regiment in the Canadian Army, was formed in December, 1883, as a result of the British policy at that time of withdrawing garrison regiments from various parts of the Empire.

The Canadian Government decided that Canada should have its own infantry regiment and the fore-runner of the present RCR, the Infantry School Corps, was formed. Its primary peace-time function was responsibility for the training of Canada's large but decentralized militia.

In 1884, the Regiment saw service during the North-West Rebellion — the first occasion on which Dominion troops conducted, without

the aid of British regulars, extensive military operations. During this campaign, the Regiment won its first two battle honours, "North West Canada", and "Saskatchewan".

Eight years later, the Infantry School Corps was reorganized into the Canadian Regiment of Infantry and the following year the use of the 'Royal' prefix was granted by Queen Victoria. In 1901 the present title of the regiment was adopted. Prior to this, the Regiment had carried out one of the strangest tasks of its career, when during the Yukon gold rush of 1899 they had contributed detachments to the Yukon Field Force — a Force designed to keep law and order in the rugged gold-fields.

On the outbreak of the South African War, the Canadian Government raised a battalion known as the 2nd (Special Service) Battalion, and this was the original raising of the Regiment's Second Battalion. The battle of Paardeberg in which the Battalion took part is still celebrated as a Regimental Day. Mean-

while a Third Battalion was raised for the defence of the Halifax naval base.

With the outbreak of WW I, Canada began raising an expeditionary force, and after service in Bermuda, RCR found itself as part of the Canadian Corps in France in 1915. In the next three years, they gained fifteen battle honours, and, for great gallantry during the period 27 September and 1st October 1918, Lieutenant M.F. Gregg, MC, was awarded a Victoria Cross.

The twenty years of peace that followed saw the Regiment again training militia in Canada. In 1925, they were honoured by King George V when he approved their affiliation with Britain's Gloucester Regiment.

During the Second World War, the Regiment saw service in France in 1940 and took part in the 1943 invasion of Sicily. Subsequently, it fought in Italy and North-West Europe, where it remained until the cessation of hostilities.

During the United Nations operations in Korea (1950-53), the Second and Third Battalions, disbanded after WWII, were again raised, and all saw service with the famous Commonwealth Division. In 1952, the Second Battalion adopted an airborne role. On their return to Canada, the First Battalion were granted the Freedom of the City of Ottawa. In 1962, the Battalion returned to Fort York, Germany as part of Canada's NATO Force in Europe, and, because of the good relations which had grown up during two tours (1955-57 and 1962-65) they were granted the freedom of the City of Soest.

# UN PREPARES FOR A NEW YEAR

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later than the first of March this year. Meanwhile, the issue is being kept on the Council's agenda for further action as appropriate in the light of developments. In its December 16th resolution, the Council ordered all UN members to boycott selected Rhodesian exports involving over sixty per cent of her international trade. It also called on all states to prohibit the supply of oil and oil products to Rhodesia, as well as arms and military equipment, aircraft and motor vehicles.

The General Assembly, in a resolution of November 17th, called upon Britain to take all measures, including the use of force if necessary, to bring down the illegal regime of Ian Smith and to secure majority rule. That resolution provided for follow-up consideration by the twenty-four nation Decolonization Committee, which will also be examining ways of speeding up the achievement of self-determination in other territories in Africa and elsewhere.

**The problem of South-West Africa will be followed-up by the General Assembly itself at a special session to be convened before the end of April. In a historic resolution adopted by an overwhelming majority last October**

## AWARDS

continued from front page

**from April to October last year, becomes a Member of the Order of the British Empire (MBE).**

**Staff-Sergeant Arthur Tracey, RAOC, Personal Assistant to both Brigadier A. J. Wilson and current Chief-of-Staff, Brigadier M.**



BEAUMONT: Awarded BEM

**N. Hartbottle in the period January to July last year, receives the British Empire Medal (BEM).**

**The British Empire Medal also goes to Flight Sergeant Albert Beaumont, currently serving with the Force helicopter support unit, 72 Squadron Detachment RAF.**

**27th, the Assembly declared South Africa's League of Nations mandate over South-West Africa was terminated and that henceforth the territory came under the direct responsibility of the United Nations.**

At the same time, the Assembly decided to set up a special fourteen-member Committee to recommend practical means for the administration of the territory with a view to self-determination and independence. In taking this course, the Assembly recalled its past condemnation of South Africa's racialist policies, and said that the UN had to step in because twenty years of efforts to get South Africa to work for the well being and security of the territory's inhabitants had been to no avail. Rejecting the charges of oppression in the territory, South Africa contended that she was not answerable to the UN for her administration and said that she would resist with all her power any UN attempt at a take-over.

In the economic field, the new UN Organization for Industrial Development will begin operations this year as the result of decisions taken by the Assembly. The Organization, whose headquarters will be in Vienna, will seek to encourage mobilization of national and international resources to speed industrialization in developing countries.

Other specific programmes of UN aid will be considered at the new session of the Governing Council of the Development Programme which opens next Tuesday (10 January).

Meanwhile, the Economic and Social Council has approved its basic work programme for the coming year. Among the items to be included on the agendas of its two sessions — one in the spring and the other in early summer — are the development of natural resources; the application of science and technology to development; allegations of violation of trade union rights; measures to implement the United Nations Declaration against all forms of racial discrimination; and questions of world food aid.

At the suggestion of the Soviet Union, the Council added, as a separate item, the question of a draft convention to be prepared by the Commission of Human Rights on the punishment of war criminals and those guilty of crimes against humanity. At the suggestion of France, the Council will also take up recommendations by an expert committee on ways of effecting economies in the budgets of the UN and its specialized agencies.



LEFT: Bombadier Donald Sudden — four peace-keeping medals.

## SOLE CANADIAN BOMBADIER WITH FORCE GETS FOURTH PEACE-KEEPING MEDAL

## APPEAL FOR PEACE

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the promises made at San Francisco in 1945 and completed the first step towards giving effect to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

However, he said, only a new era of peace would facilitate the observance of these rights in areas where men were still deprived of them. Pointing out that it was fear and prejudice, suspicion and ignorance which bred war, U Thant said that the same factors had caused the present distressing state of affairs in Rhodesia where a minority was making a last-ditch effort to preserve its privileged position.

The Secretary-General emphasized that the Rhodesian situation could be remedied only by the most resolute action on the part of the nations of the world in carrying out United Nations decisions, including the historic Security Council resolution of December 16 which decided on mandatory sanctions against the Smith regime.

In his message, U Thant addressed his friendly and anxious thoughts to all those in Africa and elsewhere "whose destiny still cannot be called their own and who struggle with courage for the triumph of the ideals of the

Charter". The Secretary-General declared his conviction that, if peace were soon restored, world co-operation would be considerably advanced because conditions were favourable for a breakthrough in international co-operation which was held back by "the dark barriers of war".

The General Assembly, he pointed out, had just passed a new landmark with its agreement among all space powers; and "if compelling reasons have made this agreement possible in spite of the present divisions among us, we may well imagine what remarkable progress in constructive co-operation would be possible if a new period of peace were to allow men of goodwill to strive for it." Asserting that no nation, however powerful and wealthy, was today sufficient unto itself, U Thant declared that inter-dependence was the vital factor in our world, as was the existence of international machinery to promote orderly world development. Thus with tolerance and understanding, we may lay the foundations of a lasting peace, he said, and "this is the meaning of the United Nations and of the efforts to which we are devoted."