

THE BLUE BERET

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NUCLEAR EXPERTS GROUP OPENS GENEVA MEETING

A GROUP OF 12 EXPERTS, APPOINTED BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL, began meeting in Geneva this week to look into the effects of the possible use of nuclear weapons.

The study arises from a General Assembly resolution calling for the preparation of a report on such effects, as well as on the security and economic implications of the acquisition and further development of nuclear weapons.

At the opening meeting, M. A. Vellodi, representing the Secretary-General, read out a message from U Thant stressing the importance of the task given to the expert group, and stating his hope that the report to be drawn up would contribute to an understanding of the dangers inherent in the present arms race.

"Upon a clear understanding by the peoples of the world of the problem.... may depend the very survival of mankind," the Secretary-General declared.

U Thant said in his message that he had been preoccupied with the problem for some time, and he recalled the conviction expressed in his last report to the Assembly that to know the true nature of the danger might be the most important first step towards averting it.

Participating in the study of the effects and implications of nuclear weapons, and their possible use are experts from Poland, Mexico, the Soviet Union, Sweden, France, Canada, Japan, Nigeria, the United States, Norway, India and Britain.



Mr. Bibiano F. Osorio-Tafall, Special Representative of the Secretary-General, last week began visiting UNFICYP zones and districts to familiarize himself with local conditions and to gain first-hand impressions of the work of the Force. Pictured above, with the Force Commander, Lt. General A.E. Martola (left) he talks with Colonel D. Nuutilainen, C.O. Nicosia East District, during a visit to FINCON.

AUSTRIA OFFERS UNIDO A NEW HOME

THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT HAS OFFERED TO BUILD A UNITED NATIONS centre in Vienna to house the UN's new Industrial Development Organization, as well as the International Atomic Energy Agency, which also has Headquarters in the Austrian capital.

The new Headquarters would be situated on a site in the Danube Park area, offered by the municipal authorities.

A time-limit of four years is envisaged for completion of the whole building complex.

At present, the Secretariat of UNIDO is at UN Headquarters in New York. It is expected to move this year to provisional premises in Vienna which have been offered free of charge by the Austrian Government.

Final arrangements relating to the establishment of UNIDO's permanent Secretariat in Vienna are expected to be announced following a first session of the Organization's Industrial Development Board to be held in New York next month.

MOROCCO REQUESTS UN COMMISSION CONCERN OVER NORTH AFRICA ARMS RACE

MOROCCO LAST WEEK PROPOSED THE ESTABLISHMENT of a United Nations Commission to inspect armaments in Algeria and Morocco and recommend ways of preventing a military build-up.

The proposal was made in a letter to the Secretary General from King Hassan of Morocco, who expressed concern about an arms race in North Africa, particularly in the light of the border dispute between his country and Algeria.

The letter stressed Morocco's support of United Nations' efforts to prevent or reduce the growth of military potential anywhere in the world and to halt the armaments race in certain regions where tension was a particular cause of concern.

It was in line with these efforts, it said, that Morocco wished to see the principle of disarmament extended to her part of the world.

The Commission proposed by King Hassan would seek the renunciation by Algeria

BUNCHE REVERSES RETIREMENT DECISION

DR. RALPH BUNCHE, UNITED NATIONS UNDER-SECRETARY FOR SPECIAL Political Affairs, made known last week that he had given up his plans to retire and would stay on in his post.

Having reached the age of 62, Dr. Bunche had formally notified the Secretary-General of his intention of leaving the Secretariat on 15 March.

However, he reversed this decision in response to a strong request by the Secretary-General, and accepted U Thant's offer of a new term as Under-Secretary for five years.

Dr. Bunche said he had changed his original plans solely out of a sense of loyalty to the world Organization, which he had served for more than 20 years, and to U Thant personally.

His statement said he was making these developments public in order to end rumours and speculation about his intentions.

and Morocco of any increase in their respective military potentials. It would carry out on-the-spot inspection of armaments held by each of the two parties — both in quality and quantity — and evaluate the level of their respective needs for maintenance of internal order.

King Hassan said Morocco, for her part, was prepared to receive such a Commission and co-operate with it without restriction, thus proving her good faith and peaceful intentions.



[Patrull underhållning härjar i Chatos. Vid dragspelet patrullchefen, batass Martin Westin.

MILITÄRATTACHÉER



GÄSTAR BAT 36 C

MITT UNDER PÅGÅENDE "STRESS" BESÖKTES bataljonen i fredags av USA:s, Kanadas och Storbritanniens militärattachéer på Cypern. Här briefas gästerna på Carl Gustaf Camp om bataljonens verksamhet av stabsschefen major David Hermansson. Fr v. Sqn Ldr P. D. Shearwood, Storbritannien, stf bataljonsschefen överstelöjtnant Åke Hessler, Lt Col W. D. Little, Kanada och längst t. h. Lt Col Mart R. Parker USA.

SVENSK SPORT I UNFICYP - KURS

ORIENTERING ÄR EN SVENSK SPORTSPECIALITET, SOM VISSERLIGEN NUMERA UTÖVAS I MÅNGA HÖRN AV VÄRLDEN MEN SOM ÄNDÅ ÄR REALTIVT OKÄND PÅ DE HÄR BREDDGRADERNA. För att sprida upplysning om denna tjuguså sport anordnade bataljonen under ledning av idrottschefen kapten Nils Olov Enqvist en orienteringskurs för intresserade i de olika FN-kontingenterna på Cypern 1 - 3 mars.

Första dagen förlades genomgångarna till den finska Kykko Camp vid Nicosia och därefter flyttade deltagarna upp i Troodos-bergen för de praktiska övningarna. Atta FN-soldater från de engelska,

danska och svenska kontingenterna fick där under kapten Enqvists ledning lära sig hantera karta och kompass, sätta ut kontrollar, göra vägar och allt annat som hör samman med orientering. Speciell uppmärksamhet ägnades åt konsten att lägga upp tävlingar och deltagarna fick bl. a. genom ett utförligt kompendium göra bekantskap med de olika tävlingsformer som står till buds inom sportgrenen.

Ett resultat av kusen är att orienteringstävlingar nu kommer att läggas upp inom de olika kontingenterna. Vem som lärt sig mest och bäst kommer att visa sig i det UNFICYP-mästerskap i orientering som kapten Enqvist förbereder till slutet av månaden.



Deltagarna i orienteringskursen fotograferade av kursledaren kapten Nils Olov Enqvist. I bakre raden fr v: Arne Henriksson, Trolhättan, 2 komp, B. A. Guy, 9th Signal Rgt, B. N. Christensen, DANCON, A. C. Ross, BRITCON, J. W. Olink, 9th Signal Rgt, B. J. Schmidt, DANCON. Sittande fr v: T. R. D. Demellweek, 9th Signal Rgt och Bengt Olsson, Södertälje, STRkomp.

SVENSKNYTT

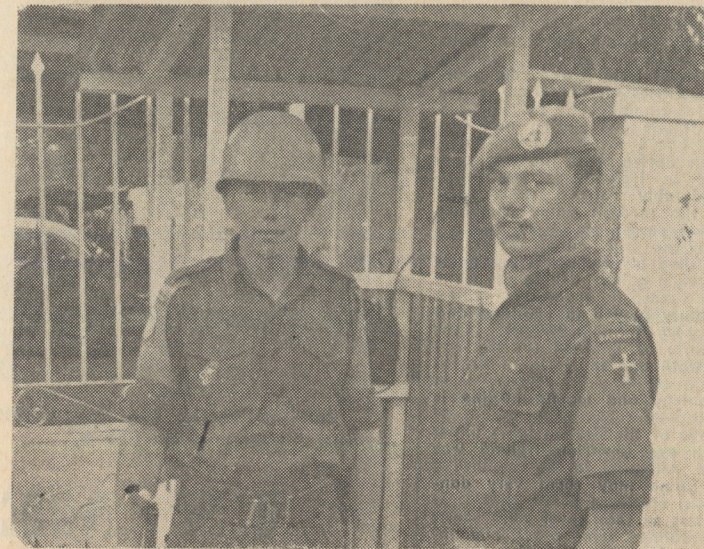
PATRULL UNDER- HÅLLNING SLÅR TILL!

SENASTE NYTT I PATRULLVÄG INOM BATALJONEN ÄR PATRULL Underhållning, som hade sin första uttryckning förra veckan. Patrullen är till tänderna beväpnad med tårtor, dragspel, trummor, basfiol, gitarr och andra lika skrämmande vapen. Utan att röja några krigshemligheter kan The Blue Beret avslöja, att patrullen slår till där man minst anar det, och att inget område av den svenska zonen kan känna sig säkert för dess härjningar.

Förra onsdagen drabbades Chatos av de fem patrullmedlemmarna, som under befäl av bataljonsassistenten kapten Martin Westin tvingade i förstakompanisterna på platsen stora mängder tårta samt överöste dem under större delen av kvällen med s. k. musik. Till råga på detta drack de av grabbarnas eget kaffe. Uppträdandet är typiskt för patrullen. Allmänheten varnas.

Ser ni följande silhuetter i nattmörkret vet ni vad som väntar: batass Martin Westin, dragspelsväska, batpastor Erik Fransson, tårtkartonger, Göran Paulsson, ståfela, Tord Karlsson, trumslageri och Bengt Olofsson, gitarrfordral.

BROEDREPAR I DANCON



Vidste De, at vi har et brødrepar tjenstgørende i DANCON? Det er Kurt (th.) og Mogens Nielsen, begge fra Fuldbhy ved Sorø. Kurt, som kommer fra STGR i Høvelte, er nu i signaldelingen i KIH. Han er uddannet som pladesmed og fik efter aftjeningen af sin værnepligt den idé, at han ville til Cypern, og Mogens, der er kommis, tog med, idet han håber på hernede at kunne tjene så mange penge, at han, når han kommer hjem, kan starte sin egen købmandsforretning. Foreløbig har han, der forøvrigt er fra Danske Livregiment i Høvelte, dog nok at gøre med at passe sit job som vagtsoldat i Charley-kompagniets 1. deling.

MOUNTAIN PATROL



Two corporals of the 1st Battalion, The Royal Canadian Regiment, in the Kyrenia mountains. Blaise Cathcart, left, of New Waterford, Nova Scotia, and Marven MacDonald of Scott's Bay in the same province. (Canadian Forces Photo).

FODBOLDHOLDETS' TUR TIL SYRIEN

var en kæmpeoplevelse. Fra starten tegnede det ellers ikke alt for godt, idet maskinen fra Nicosia lufthavn var ca. 1 1/2 time forsinket. Endelig kom vi dog i luften, hvorefter en fiks stewardesse serverede kaffe med kager. Der var iøvrigt foruden os ikke mange passagerer med maskinen - kun tre arabere, der åbenbart medbragte hvert sig harem på 3-4 kvinder. Smældede var konerne selvfølgelig, for her er det stadig et status-symbol, at hustruerne er godt i stand, idet det betyder, at manden er rig nok til at give dem al den føde, de kan stoppe i sig.

Da maskinen nåede ind over syrisk område, blev lystavlen med "Fasten your seatbelts" tændt, og kort efter begyndte flyet at falde ned i de noksom bekendte "lufttuller". I virkeligheden er det jo det stik modsatte, der sker, idet luften, når den er blevet opvarmet af det nederunderliggende land, stiger til vejrs og derved slynger maskinen op efter. Efter at vi en rum tid havde kredset over Damascus' lufthavn, blev vi endelig - mere eller mindre blege om næsen - sat ned på jorden, og her ventede os den første overraskelse. Vi havde jo nok regnet med, at her var folk til at tage imod os og vise os, hvor vi skulle bo, men der var mandsanten mødt en hel deputation op fra The Sportive Federation of Syrian Army, som modtog os med blomster og i det hele taget under opholdet viste os en enestående gæstfrihed.

Fra lufthavnen blev vi ikke - som ventet - kørt til en eller anden militær forlægnings og indkvarteret der, men til et hotel, hvor vi fik dobbeltværelser med toilet og bad. Kort efter ankomsten blev vi samlet i hotellets dagligstue og fik at vide, at vi skulle spille kamp fredag og søndag, begge gange i Damascus. Endvidere blev der stillet en stor bus til vor uindskrænkede rådighed, og vi fik to guides - henholdsvis den fysiske træner og fodboldtræneren for det syriske militære hold - som døgnet rundt ville vise os alt, hvad vi ønskede at se. Endvidere var det arrangeret således, at vi kunne komme i biografen, uden at det kostede os en piastre, lige så tit, vi ville. Maden skulle vi indtage på en udmærket lille spiserestaurant, der lå et par hundrede meter fra hotellet. Klokken var efterhånden blevet over to, og vi var godt sultne, så vi begav os strax over for få maven fyldt op. Vore to guides beklagede meget, at vi ikke denne dag selv kunne bestemme middagens sammensætning, for af hensyn til restaurantens indkøb

havde de måttet bestille maden dagen før, men fremover kunne vi blot ved aftenbordet ud fra spisekortet bestemme, hvad vi ønskede at spise den næste dag, og vi ville få det.

Da vi havde spist så sent frokost, bestemte vi os til at benytte resten af eftermiddagen til at slentre en tur gennem den gamle del af Damascus - bazarområdet - derefter gå i biografen kl. 1830 og siden spise til middag kl. 2030,



således at vi havde en rimelig chance for at komme i ordentlig tid til køjs. Som sagt, så gjort. Alene turen gennem bazarerne var en oplevelse set med en eurodæers øjne. Man kan tilsyneladende købe alt mellem himmel og jord hernede: guld, messing og kobber, mere og navnlig mindre ægte tæpper, souvenirs af enhver art, fødevarer, tøj, kamelsadler o.s.v., ja det er næsten nemmere at remse op, hvad man ikke kan få. Og alle vegne stod folk stille på gaden og vendte sig om efter os, medens de sagde et eller andet for os uforståeligt. Den ene guide spurgte, om vi var klar over, hvad det var, folk sagde, og da vi kun kunne beklage, at vi ikke kunne arabisk, forklarede han, at de sagde: Se, der er danskerne. Syrerne er nemlig meget sportsinteresserede, og de har i deres TV tre udsendelser om ugen, hver af ca. en times varighed, der udelukkende handler om sport, og i disse udsendelser samt i radioen og aviserne var der ugen i forvejen blevet gjort stor propaganda for os.

Vi vandrede altså ind i bazarområdet, og hvad man iøvrigt ser et sådant sted, bliver vi af hensyn til pladsen nødt til at vente med at fortælle om til næste uge.

IRISH CONTINGENT NEWS

COMING EXHIBITIONS OF HURLING AND GAELIC FOOTBALL

EXHIBITION HURLING AND GAELIC FOOTBALL MATCHES WILL BE STAGED AT MORPHOU on St. Patrick's Day for the benefit and interest of sportsmen from Cyprus and from other UN Contingents who may not have seen the Irish native games before. All are invited to attend.

The first game (football) starts 1430 hrs. Each match will take one hour with a short interval at half time. To help non-Irish spectators the following is a broad outline of the rules:

RULES COMMON TO BOTH GAMES

1. Size of pitch. Length from 145 to 160 yds. Breadth from 90 to 100 yds.
2. Goal posts — two uprights 15 ft high and 7 yds apart with cross bar at 8 ft.
3. Scoring — Under cross bar scores a goal, above cross bar scores a point. Three points equal one goal.
4. Markings — Lines at 14 yds, 21 yds, 50 yds and 70 yds are drawn across the pitch. A rectangle 5 yds

in front and to each side of goal uprights marks penalty area and a forward must not play the ball if he is inside this area before the ball. This is the only off side rule in the games.

5. Number of Players — 15 a side, goalkeeper, 6 backs, 2 centre field and six forwards.

6. In control — One referee, two linesmen, two goal umpires at each goal.

7. Tackling — A player, whether in possession of the ball or not, may be charged with the shoulder from a flank but may not be crashed into from the front or rear.

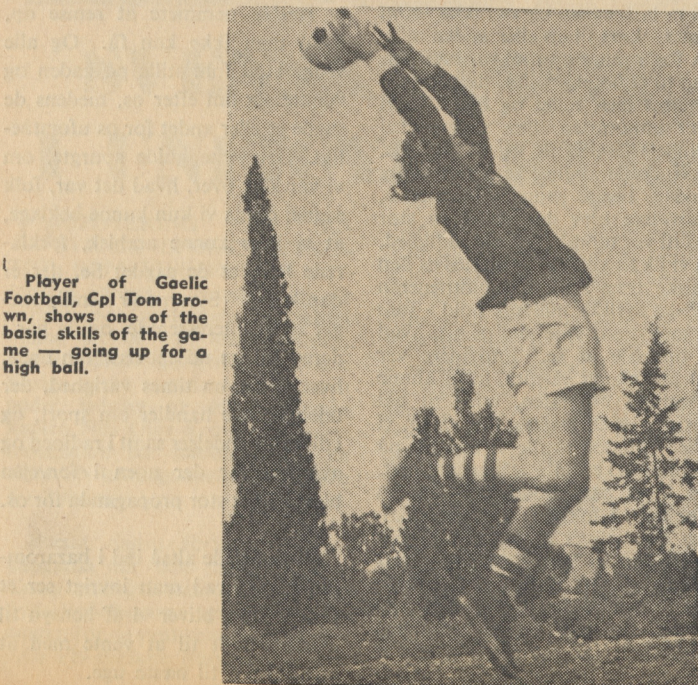
8. Fouls — Holding an opponent with the hands or arms, tripping pulling or striking constitute fouls.

9. Substitutes — Three acts of substitution only are allowed.

SEE NEXT COLUMN

IRISH
CONTINGENT
NEWS

Hurley Player, Private Vincent Patrick Murphy, demonstrates size of Hurley and ball.



Player of Gaelic Football, Cpl Tom Brown, shows one of the basic skills of the game — going up for a high ball.

HISTORY OF GAELIC GAMES

Gaelic football was developed from the earlier primitive forms of parish football common throughout Ireland and neighbouring countries for centuries. It was codified around 1885 by the Gaelic Athletic Association and was then based on the rough and tumble native game that had survived in Ireland. It has been considerably refined since then and the modern game combines the robustness of Rugby and some of the precision of Soccer.

Hurling is of much more ancient origin going back to pre-Christian times. It bears an affinity to shinty played in Scotland and was played in different forms in parts of England (particularly Cornwall) and in Northern Brittany. In addition to references in mythology and legend hurling is specifically referred to in extant records of the Brehon Laws under which pre-Christian Ireland was ruled. Although to the uninitiated the game may seem very dangerous, statistics prove that it is far less so than most field sports — fatalities being practically unknown. It is one of the fastest (second, experts say, to ice-hockey) and skillful of modern field games.

MAIN RULES PARTICULAR TO FOOTBALL.

1. The ball may be handled but may not be picked up directly from the ground (except by the goalkeeper). It may be scooped up with the foot.

2. It may not be carried in the hands for more than three paces, after which it must be either tapped with the foot (toe to hand), kicked, bounced on the ground or punched with the closed fist (an open hand pass is a foul).

3. A foul committed by defenders within the 14 yds line is free kicked from that line at a point directly opposite where the foul occurred.

4. If a defender plays the ball over his own end line the other team are awarded a free kick from the 50 yd line at a point opposite where the ball went over the end line.

5. All free kicks must be played from the ground, and all opposing players must stand 14 or more yds away.

6. After a score the ball is kicked out from the ground at the 21 yds line.

7. A ball played over the end line by attackers or over the side lines is kicked in from the former case from the goal rectangle and in the latter from the point at which it crossed the line.

8. A penalty is awarded if defenders foul within the area of the goal rectangle and is taken from 14 yds directly in front of the goal with only the goalkeeper defending.

RULES PARTICULAR TO HURLING.

1. The ball may be struck with the hurley from the ground or in the air or a player may throw up the ball from his hand and strike it but may not throw it to another player. He is however allowed to palm it to another player.

2. The ball must not be picked up from the ground directly but may be scooped up with the hurley. The ball may be caught in the hand while off the ground.

3. A free puck, awarded after any playing infringement, is taken by lifting the ball with the hurley and striking it in the air. A sideline puck, awarded when the ball goes the side line, must be taken from the ground. A puck out after a score or "wide" is taken from the rectangle and played from the hand.

4. A puck is awarded to the attackers, whenever a defender plays the ball over his own end line, from the 70 yds line and taken in the same manner as a free.

5. A player must not carry the ball in his hand for more than 3 paces. He may run with the ball bouncing on his hurley as far as he can but must only rehandle it once again unless it strikes the ground or is played by another player.

6. A player cannot block another player's stick unless from the rear when he is allowed to tap or crook the other's stick whilst making a stroke.

BRITISH CONTINGENT NEWS



Members of the Ord Det, UNFICYP, who won their UN (Cyprus) Medal on 28th Feb 67.

UN MEDALS FOR ORD DET

ON 28th FEBRUARY, 1967 THE FORCE COMMANDER, LT-GEN A.E. MARTOLA, presented the UN (Cyprus) Medal to ten members of the HQ UNFICYP Ordnance Detachment RAOC.

This Detachment is responsible for providing all stores and equipment (less vehicles), food and fuel oils (including petrol), for the whole of the UN Force. (Although the Force is also responsible for the maintenance of the Force's own equipment.)

though the Force and Li-massol Zou draw their food and fuels directly from the UN Force, the ultimate responsibility for their provision lies with the UNFICYP Ord Det RAOC.

The presentation also marked the farewell of Captain Leslie Marsham RAOC, who is leaving Cyprus. His relief is Captain Penfold, RAOC.



Captain Leslie Marsham, RAOC (left) handing command of the Ord Det UNFICYP to Captain Bill Penfold on Feb 67.

UNFICYP SOCCER SUCCESS

THE HQ UNFICYP SOCCER SIDE IS HAVING A VERY successful season in the Cyprus Soccer League; with UNFICYP having three matches to play, the league table is as follows:-

	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts
Episkopi	17	11	0	6	59	32	22
HQ UNFICYP	15	9	3	3	58	24	21
1 Y & L	15	9	3	3	51	24	21
Flamingoes	14	8	1	5	46	35	17
Trojans	14	7	2	5	35	30	16
Royal Engineers	16	6	3	7	34	53	15
Argonauts	15	4	4	7	23	32	12
Pergamos	14	5	1	8	30	28	11
9 Signal Regt	15	3	4	8	24	38	10
2 R. ANGLIAN	15	1	3	11	21	61	5

UNFICYP games still to be played: FLAMINGOES, PERGAMOS and ARGONAUTS (all away games).

THE BURET

CANADIAN CONTINGENT NEWS



BACK AGAIN — Most of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation entertainers who appeared in the Christmas Shows for the Canadian Contingent in Cyprus will be back in March to present "Canada Entertains". A CBC and Defence Department centennial show for the forces, it received a standing ovation in Ottawa on the inaugural performance, on 1 March, of the world tour.

(Canadian Forces Photo)



MYSTERY HOUSE OPERATIONS — Three privates of the 1st Battalion, The Royal Canadian Regiment, keep track of the situation from their operations centre in Mystery House outpost. Left to right are Pres. Pete McInnis, Leslie Ledden and Jim Basso.

(Canadian Forces Photo)

"MYSTERY HOUSE" OUTPOST

NOT ALL THE OPERATION TYPES OF THE 1st BATTALION, The Royal Canadian Regiment, are up in "them thar hills", although the Kyrenia Mountains do demand most of the resources of this battalion of peace-keeping infantrymen from London, Ontario.

The Royal Canadian Regiment has a small but important post in the Cyprus capital. A dozen soldiers operate from the UN outpost of "Mystery House" on the "Green Line" in the west end of Nicosia. For convenience they are under command of the nearby Recce Squadron of the Fort Garry Horse from Calgary, Alberta.

Under Sergeant Doug Carley of Trenton, Ontario, the Royal Canadians, from their Mystery House base, man an observation post atop the

CONCERT PARTY

ARRIVING HERE 17 MARCH

CANADA, A COUNTRY OF ABOUT 20,000,000 PEOPLE, this year celebrates her 100th anniversary as a nation. So that those thousands of Canadians overseas, servicemen helping the cause of peace with the UN, in truce commissions, defensive organizations and training programmes, may enjoy at least a part of the Centennial Year Celebration, the Department of National Defence is sponsoring an international tour of top-rank Canadian artists and entertainers.

The concert party left Ottawa on 2 March to play in Sardinia, Ghana, Tanzania, Pakistan, India, Cyprus and at Canadian Army and Air Force bases in France and Germany.

There will be an afternoon

performance in the Kyrenia Hills on Friday, 17 March, and an evening performance in Nicosia's Ledra Palace Hotel.

During the tour, the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation will prepare an hour-long colour television programme based on the concert party and including as much as possible of the host country. This will be broadcast throughout Canada at a later date.

"Canada Entertains" will include about 40 stars from both English and French-speaking entertainment circles.

"Miss Canada, 1967"—Barbara Lynne Kelly, 19-year-old winner of the talent, beauty and personality contest, accompanies the group.



ALL IS WELL — Private Charles McCafferty of the 1st Battalion, The Royal Canadian Regiment, keeps a peace-keeping vigil in his outpost atop the empty Cornaro Hotel.

(Canadian Forces Photo)



ROYAL CANADIANS IN CITY — Above, Sgt. Doug Carley briefs Cpl. Tom Cook on duties to be done in his absence while the driver, Pte. Tom Mills, waits to move out on patrol.

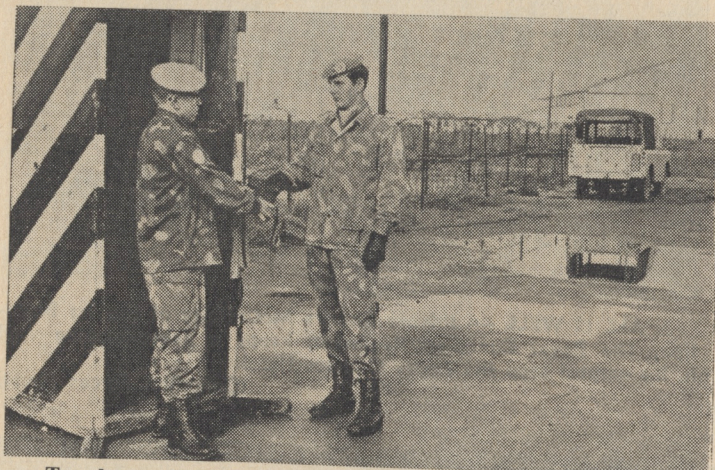
(Canadian Forces Photo)



Tyytyväiset rakentajat poseeraavat tässä luomuksensa edessä. Vasemmalta jääkäri Marttila jääkäri Honka ja kersantti Mäkinen. Oikealla näkyy näkosuojaksi pingotettu säkkikangas.



Marssilaulukilpailussa meni voitto toiseen jääkärikomppaniaan. Kuvassa voittajajoukkue vauhdissa esikunnan luona.



Taas kerran UNFICYPin vartiovuorossa. Kykkon puoleisella portilla vaihtavat tässä vahtia esikuntakomppanian jääkäri Kaarlampi (vas) ja jääkäri Tallberg (oik).

DECOLONIZATION COMMITTEE

CARIBBEAN TERRITORIES

NEW STATUS CRITICIZED

THE UNITED NATIONS A number of speakers criticized the new arrangements as **MITTEE** pursued its debate on not fully complying with Britain's UN obligations toward the six small Caribbean territories linked to Britain which the territories, some stating are assuming a new status, that they had been worked out Britain describes it as a free without consulting the people. association with her with full Others considered the new self-Government, and the right status a practical solution to complete independence if worked out in careful consultation with the people.



5.3 lensi Kyprokselle korkea lehtivieras, joka viipyi saarella keski-koossaamuun. Helsingin Sanomien sotilaspoliittinen asiantuntija, kenraaliluutnantti evp Jorma Järventaus keskustelelee tässä lentoasemalla häntä vastaan tulleiden kenraali Martolan ja eversti Nuutilaisen kanssa.

3. K:n tukijoukkue rakensi minisaunan

VIELÄ KOLMISEN VIIKKO-A SITTEN KOLMANNELLA jääkärikomppaniassa oli vain kaksi saunaa, ja kun niissä oli tietysti jatkuva tungos ja toinen vielä kuuleman mukaan kieltäytyi välillä lämpiämstä kunnolla, tilanne alkoi käydä tukijoukkueen miesten hermoille. Eräänä lauantaina käytiin sitten käsiksi ja sauna syntyi samaan iltaan mennessä noin sivumennen.

Voi huoletta veikatta, että tämä on pataljoonan pienin sauna. Minimoiis vetää sentään neljä matkustajaa, mutta tämän hyväksään lauteille sopii vähän puristamalla kaksi rinnan. Se ei kumminkaan missään tapauksessa vähennä löylyjen makeutta - rakentajat sanovat, että kun sauna kerran kuumaksi saatuna on jätetty yhdeksän aikaan illalla, siinä saa vielä tukevan löylyn kolmelta yöllä.

Minisauna ei vaatinut paljon rakennusaineitakaan. Säkki sementtiä siihen sentään käytettiin, ja kuuden metrin mittainen pätkä säkkikangasta suojaamaan saunoja kadulla kulkevien katseilta, ja siinä onkin melkein kaikki. Viisi-toista minuuttia vei rakentajilta mennä yhdestä tiellä olevasta tiiliseinästä lävitse, ja sitten olikin vain viimeistelytyöt jäljellä.

Tukijoukkueen miesten minisauna on siitä pitäen ollut tiiviissä käytössä, ja kolmosen "saunapullonkaula" on vastaavasti hellittänyt. Tämän sivun kaksi kuvaa esittelevät rakentajat ja itse luomustakin sen verran, kuin kameramies sai ahtaalle tungettuna linsseinsä sopimaan.



STAFF OF THE BLUE BERET

Editor: Lt. COL. D. R. JOHNSON MBE, MC,
Sub Editor: D. McREYNOLDS
Tel. No. Nicosia 77061 Ext. 14.

Correspondents:-
British Contingent
Capt. J. A. BOSWORTH
Tel. Nicosia 76291 Ext. 237

Canadian Contingent
Lt Cdr H.C. WALLACE
Tel. Nicosia 76206

Danish Contingent
Maj. K. SOERVIN
Tel. 3101 Ext. 210

Finnish Contingent
Capt P. SADENIEMI
Tel. Nicosia 76291 Ext. 333

Irish Contingent
Comdt P.J. McGANN
Tel. Nicosia 76291 Ext. 237

Swedish Contingent
Maj. I. LUNDGREN
Tel. Nicosia 76291 Ext. 244

LAST RESPECTS TO COLONEL CHETTLE



Above foreground, Lt. General A. E. Martola, the Force Commander and Mr. Bibiano F. Osorio-Tafall, Special Representative of the Secretary-General, with other members of the congregation. Below, general view of the congregation.



Left: Corporal Harold Dunn and Private Alec Kirk sound the Last Post. Right: Pipe-Major James Anderson renders the lament, 'Flowers Of The Forest.'

A MEMORIAL SERVICE FOR THE LATE LIEUTENANT COLONEL CLIVE CHETTLE, MC, Military Public Information Officer of the Force who died in a London hospital on Thursday, 16 February, was held at St. Paul's English Church, Nicosia, last Tuesday.

The service was conducted by the Archdeacon in Cyprus, The Venerable Peter J. Chandler. Brigadier M. N. Harbottle, OBE, UNFICYP Chief of Staff, read the Lesson and Mr. Luis Moreno-Verdin, the Force Principal Infor-



CLIVE CHETTLE: "TRUE UNITED NATIONS SOLDIER"

mation Officer, gave the eulogy.

The Service was attended by Lieutenant-General A. E. Martola, the Force Commander, Mr. Bibiano F. Osorio-Tafall, Special Representative of the Secretary-General, other military and civilian UNFICYP officials as well as members of the diplomatic corps, representatives from the SBAs and from all the information media in Cyprus.

Mr. Luis Moreno-Verdin, in the eulogy, emphasized the frankness and honesty that characterized Clive Chettle, and said that the presence of his many press friends from all Cyprus and from abroad testified to the spirit in which he carried out his work, for they were there not only as the Press, but as his true friends.

Clive Chettle put on his blue beret and the UN emblem patch on his shoulder and became a true United Nations soldier, Mr. Moreno-Verdin said; he believed in fair play, never twisting a fact or a story. His example of what a true UN soldier stood for and represented would live among us always, he said.

Finally, in speaking of Colonel Chettle's wife, Mr. Moreno-Verdin mentioned "another great soldier — Ann Chettle. And I think Ann typifies what a soldier's wife — and not only a soldier's wife — but what a wife should be, always standing by him, right up to the very end, as she did."

Mr. Moreno-Verdin added that he had just received a letter from her in which she describes Colonel Chettle's funeral "and in it she wishes to please remind her to all of you, to say many thanks for the words of comfort she has received and that she loves you, and loves us all."

NEW FORCE MPIO

LIEUTENANT COLONEL DOUGLAS JOHNSON WAS COMMISSIONED FROM THE ROYAL Military Academy into the Royal Artillery in 1938. He served with a field artillery regiment throughout the World War II, taking part in the campaigns in France and Belgium in 1940, Syria in 1941, the Western Desert in 1942 and 1943, Italy in 1943 after landing over the beach at Salerno, France and the Low Countries in 1944 and 1945, being awarded the MC for services in Normandy.

After the war he was an instructor in gunnery in India before attending the Camberley Staff College. He was on the Q staff in Berlin during the airlift. Later he commanded a mortar battery in Korea in 1952 and 1953, when his battery supported the 1st Bn The Black Watch during the battle for the "Hook" feature.

Two years on the staff in Singapore followed, after which he commanded a field battery in Germany in 1957 and 1958. He then served on the integrated NATO staff at Northern Army Group and became an MBE for his services there. After two years on the staff in UK, he returned to the Northern Army Group operations staff.

In 1964 he went to SHAPE as a Lieutenant Colonel on the public information staff. In 1966 he went to Borneo as public relations Officer to the Director of Borneo Operations. After completing temporary duty here as MPIO he is moving on to Aden as public relations officer Middle East Command.

He is accompanied by his wife, Joan and three year-old daughter. His eldest daughter and two sons are at school in UK. He is a keen sailor and gardener.



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The Editor
THE BLUE BERET
WOLSELEY BARRACKS
HQ UNFICYP
NICOSIA Cyprus



LEFT, Mr. Osvaldo Lopez-Noguero, of Argentina, who is United Nations Information Officer at the UN Office in Geneva, will be acting temporarily as UNFICYP Principal Information from 15 March to 1 May 1967, while Mr. Luis Moreno-Verdin (centre) is away on home leave. RIGHT, Lt. Colonel Douglas Johnson, MBE, MC, RA, who will be acting temporarily as UNFICYP Military Public Information Officer, pending the arrival of a replacement for the late Lieutenant Colonel Clive Chettle, MC.

APARTHEID INVESTIGATION COMMISSION URGED

THE PROBLEMS OF APARTHEID FIGURED PROMINENTLY LAST WEEK AT UNITED NATIONS meetings both in Geneva and New York. In Geneva, the Human Rights Commission examined a proposal by ten African-Asian nations for the establishment of an international commission of experts to investigate charges of torture and ill-treatment of prisoners, detainees or persons in police custody in South Africa.

The ten-nation draft condemned such practices as constituting double injury against victims of apartheid. It asked the Secretary-General to convey the Commission's serious concern to the Government of South Africa and to request it to see its treatment of political prisoners conformed with civilized standards of penal law and practices.

The draft further called for the widest possible publicity for documents received from the Special UN Committee on Apartheid containing descriptions by prisoners of torture and ill-treatment.

It urged all international humanitarian organizations to do everything in their power to help alleviate the situation, and appealed to all states, organizations and individuals to contribute to the United Nations Trust Fund for South Africa.

Another draft, submitted by Tanzania, condemned

atrocities, mass terror and ill-treatment of political prisoners in South Africa; asked the Secretary-General to transmit an appeal to South Africa to end such practices immediately; and also asked the Secretary-General to establish a committee of legal experts on the basis of representation of the different legal systems, to inquire further into the situation concerning the ill-treatment of opponents of apartheid. It further called for maximum publicity for all available documents.

Still another proposal, submitted by Jamaica, called for the establishment of a special sub-commission on human rights for action against apartheid.

One of the documents transmitted to the Commission contained a statement made by a South African petitioner to the Special Committee on Apartheid as it met in New York this week. The petitioner, Mr Denis Brutus, who is associated with the International Defense and Aid Fund, said he had served prison terms for activities in opposition to apartheid, and prisoners were subjected to extreme hardship, assault and brutality.

Urging an international investigation of prison conditions in South Africa and stronger pressure to secure the release of all political prisoners, he stressed that the ultimate aim must be the

QUINTANA TO BE ECLA SECRETARY

CARLOS QUINTANA, newly appointed Executive Secretary of the UN Economic Commission for Latin America, was in New York for consultations this week before taking up his duties in Santiago, Chile.

In a statement to newsmen, Mr. Quintana said it was essential for the region's development to explore relations with countries outside Latin America and to see how it could export manufactured goods. He spoke of the need to change the industrial structure of Latin American countries and to deal with the technological problems in the area.

At the same time, said the Executive Secretary, great effort was required to produce more food in the region.

complete overthrow of apartheid and its replacement by a just social system.

The Committee last week also heard a report on a meeting of its rapporteur, Abdulrahim Farah of Somalia, with Ambassador Arthur Goldberg of the United States at which the rapporteur expressed the Committee's concern about the renewal of loans to South Africa by United States banks.

The rapporteur had expressed the hope that the U.S. Government would make every effort to prevent a renewal of credits.

He said that Mr. Goldberg, in reply, had said the U.S. "would not cease in its search for a peaceful and practical means to impress on the South African Government the need for a policy of justice for all its peoples."

The U.S., Mr. Goldberg continued, informed potential lenders of its views on apartheid but, except for an embargo on arms, it had no basis for restricting freedom of decision concerning normal private economic relations with South Africa.

Mr. Goldberg added that he would draw the attention of New York banks, participating in a revolving credit arrangement, of the concern expressed by the Committee and recall to them the views of the U.S. Government.