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PROTECT

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CONSOLIDATE PEACE

MONUSCO at a Glance

Mission in the Democratic Republic of Congo

January 2015



Protection of Civilians

Early Warning Mechanisms:

- 25 MONUSCO Offices
- 1890 Early warnings received on imminent threats to civilians through our Community Alert Network
- 117019 Military patrols and escorts to protect civilians and deter negative forces
- 49 Local community protection plans established for efficient assistance to the most vulnerable persons

Human Resources - 2015

- 19138 Military personnel
- 677 Military observers
- 1338Police personnel
- 884 International civilian personnel
- 435 UN Volunteers
- 2525 Local civilian staff

1999

First deployment of MONUC peacekeepers

10 billion USD

Total spent since 1999-2014

UNSC 2147 (2014)

Current Mandate

1. 38 billion

Current Budget 2014-15

Key Troop Contributing countries:

India, Pakistan and Bangladesh

Force Intervention Brigade

2973 military personnel (Tanzania, Malawi, South African Republic)

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Protection of civilians (cont.): - 2014

Human Rights

Main perpetrators

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- Armed groups 43%
- Congolese army and Congolese police 57 %

Child protection

- 241 children (18 girls) recruited in armed groups and forces
- 1030 children (57 girls) separated from armed groups and forces

Response

- **61** individuals detained, among which **58%** were convicted and received sentences.
- **34** Joint Protection Team missions to assess protection needs and human rights abuses
- 2291 screenings of FARDC officers and 195 of PNC officers for observance of human rights

Sexual violence

- **697** reported cases of sexual violence in 2014
- 206 children (2 boys) victim of sexual violence
- **61** state agents (including 33 FARDC) were convicted of rape charges in 2013, while **117** (including 76 FARDC) in 2014.

Stabilization - 2014

Disarmament Demobilization Reintegration (DDR/RR) - 2014

- 274 Foreign and 784 Congolese combatants processed in MONUSCO DDR facilities#
- Majority of ex-combatants were from FDLR & Mayi-Mayi groups.
- 339 FDLR and 1119 dependents in 3 camps in DRC
- More than 12000 FDLR repatriated to Rwanda between 2002 and 2014.#
- MONUSCO blocked 6 Million USD to support the Congolese Government in implementing the DDR National Plan. #

Islands of Stability

- 10 Islands of Stability created in Eastern DRC to immediately restore state authority in liberated areas through support to Police, Justice and local administration#
- 50 Quick Impact projects ready for implementation in the Islands of Stability in 2015 for recovery and construction of infrastructure in liberated areas.#

Human Rights Public Reports

- Report of the UNJHRO on progress and obstacles in the fight against impunity for sexual violence in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (April 2014)
- Report of UNJHRO on the human rights situation and the activities of her Office in the Democratic Republic of Congo (September 2014)
- Report of UNJHRO on human rights violations committed by the M23 in North Kivu (April 2012 – November 2013) (October 2014)
- Report of the UNJHRO on human rights violations committed by agents of the Congolese National Police during Operation "Likofi" in Kinshasa between 15 November 2013 and 15 February 2014 (October 2014)

Challenges for Human Rights

- Lack of accountability mechanisms for members of the Congolese defense and security forces
- Lack of confidence in State institutions
- Deficiencies of the judicial system
- Non-execution of sentences
- Little or no compensation to victims
- Delay in the establishment of transitional justice mechanisms

HIV/AIDS

- 1867 ex-combatants and dependents sensitized on HIV/AIDS and sexual based violence
- **3098** internally displaced persons sensitized on HIV/AIDS and **874** tested
- **6001** inmates sensitized on HIV/AIDS
- **4922** military and police officers trained on HIV/AIDS
- **61** HIV Peer-educators trained in East DRC

Peace it!

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International Strategy:

 DRC Government and MONUSCO are coordinating the implementation of the International Security and Stabilization Support Strategy (ISSS) with 21 ongoing projects for 69 million USD and are jointly developing provincial stabilisation strategies and action plans.#

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Consolidation of Peace

Military, Police and Justice Reform (2014)

- 1 Modern military training facility in Kisangani constructed (CETB)
- **61** Police stations/border posts rehabilitated
- 2221 Judges, Prosecutors and court officers trained
- 2497 male and 181 female national police officers trained on community policing, public order management, traffic police, mining police and securing of elections

Economic development

- 8.5 % Economic growth
- 18.56 Billion USD GDP
- 1.07 % inflation rate as per Government (rate is contested by economic actors)
- 71.3% of the population live below the poverty line
- 80 % of the population in informal sector
- 48.7 years = Life expectancy at birth
- 391\$ Per Capita Gross National Income
- 3% of GDP devoted to Education

Natural Resources:

- An estimated 500,000 artisanal miners in eastern DRC produce indirect revenue to about 10 million people across DRC.
- Most of the artisanal miners make between 1 and 2 dollars per day.
- DRC has the second biggest copper reserves in the world with grades above 3% as compared to the global average of 0.7%
- 50 % of the world's cobalt is produced in DRC
- 10th highest gold reserves globally
- New Africa Magazine estimates that the overall mineral resources in DRC is currently worth **24 Trillion USD**.
- All armed groups in DRC, and several FARDC elements are involved in the illegal exploitation of natural resources (taxation, forced labour, smuggling).
- Charcoal and wildlife are also illegally exploited.

Humanitarian - 2014

- **2.8 million** Internally displaced persons
- **120,000** Refugees in DRC
- **442,000** Congolese refugees in neighboring African countries
- 49 died of Ebola
- **6.5** million food insecure people in DRC

State Authority - 2014

- 1799 civil servants trained on decentralization and work ethics
- 24 workshops organized for 851 members of established thematic working groups

Summary Timeline

• 1996-1997

First Congo War

• 1998-2003

Second Congo War

• 1999

First deployment of MONUC Forces

• 2006

First multiparty Elections since independence

• 2008

CNDP Rebels march towards Goma

• 2011

Second general elections

• 2012

M23 Rebels seize Goma

2013

Deployment of MONUSCO Force Intervention Brigade

• 2013

Demise of M23

• 2013

Peace, Security and Cooperation Framework

• 2 Jul. 14 – 2 Jan. 15 Timeframe for the voluntary surrender of FDLR.

29 Jan. 2015

Launching of the operations against the FDLR

National Benchmarks

The Government committed to reconciliation, institutional reforms and restoration of state authority. A National Oversight Mechanism has been established to monitor progress.



United Nations Organisation Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of Congo Tél. +243 81 890 5000 +243 81 890 6000

