Protection of civilians: Human rights violations documented in provinces affected by conflict
United Nations Joint Human Rights Office in the DRC (UNJHRO) MONUSCO – OHCHR
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REPORTED HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS IN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO (DRC)

Figure 1. Percentage of violations per territory

Kasai
Kamonia (Kas.) 5% 95%
Tshikapa (Kas.) 100%
Luebo (Kas.) 100%
Kananga (Kas. C) 100%
Luiza (Kas. C) 100%
Kazumbal (Kas. C) 100%
Demba (Kas. C) 100%
Miabi (Kas. O) 100%
Tshilenge (Kas. O) 100%

North Kivu
Nyangon 92% 8%
Rutshuru 93% 7%
Lubero 0% 40%
Beni 73% 27%
Masindi 100%
Goma 50% 50%
Butembo 50% 50%
Walikale 100%

Kasai

Maniema
Kabambare 32% 18%
Kindo 72% 28%
Kibombe 100%
Kasongo 100%
Kailo 100%

Tanganyika
Kalemie 36% 64%
Nyuzu 100%
Moba 100%
Kongolo 100%

Figure 2. Number of violations per province in DRC

Figure 3/4. Quarterly evolution of the number of human rights violations / Reported violations per alleged perpetrator

Figure 5. Number of adult victims of CRSV by perpetrators

The provinces concerned in this section are determined by the MARA Working Group which reports to the SRSG on Sexual Violence in Conflict. In 2019, they include the provinces above as well as Haut-Katanga, Lualaba, Haut-Lomami and Tshopo.
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Figure 1. Percentage of alleged perpetrators

- 20% Armed groups (8)
- 15% ANR (6)
- 17% FARDC (7)
- 44% PNC (18)
- 5% Other State actors (2)

Figure 2. Percentage of victims and reported affiliation

- 51% Civil society members (35)
- 48% Others / non-identified (33)
- 1% Media (1)

Figure 3. Number of violations per province in DRC

Figure 4. Quarterly evolution of human rights violations documented in 2019

The figures mentioned in this fact sheet do not reflect a complete overview of the human rights violations in the DRC but only relate to the cases documented and verified by the UNJHRO through OHCHR methodology and standards. Statistics on the number of violations reported may increase or decrease over a given period of time due to numerous factors outside the control and/or knowledge of the UNJHRO, and must therefore be used with caution.