Protection of civilians: Human rights violations documented in provinces affected by conflict
United Nations Joint Human Rights Office in the DRC (UNJHRO) MONUSCO – OHCHR

REPORTED HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS IN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO (DRC)

Figure 1. Percentage of violations per territory

North Kivu
- Masisi: 63% State agents, 7% Armed groups
- Nyiragongo: 64% State agents, 16% Armed groups
- Beni: 79% State agents, 21% Armed groups
- Rutshuru: 88% State agents, 12% Armed groups
- Lubero: 40% State agents, 60% Armed groups
- Walikale: 76% State agents, 24% Armed groups
- Goma: 100% State agents
- Butembo: 100% State agents

South Kivu
- Mwenga: 60% State agents, 40% Armed groups
- Uvira: 93% State agents, 7% Armed groups
- Kalehe: 71% State agents, 29% Armed groups
- Bukavu: 100% State agents
- Fizi: 40% State agents, 60% Armed groups
- Shabunda: 100% State agents
- Walungu: 100% State agents

Ituri
- Djugu: 38% State agents, 62% Armed groups
- Irumu: 100% State agents
- Mahagi: 100% State agents
- Aru: 100% State agents
- Mambasa: 100% State agents
- Bunia: 100% State agents

Kasai
- Demba (Kas. C): 100% State agents
- Dibaya (Kas. C): 100% State agents
- Kananga (Kas. C): 100% State agents
- Kazumba (Kas. C): 100% State agents
- Dimbelenge (Kas. C): 100% State agents
- Tshikapa (Kas.): 100% State agents
- Kamonia (Kas.): 100% State agents
- Illebo (Kas.): 100% State agents
- Luvungi (Kas.): 100% State agents
- Tshilenge (Kas. O): 100% State agents
- Mbuji-Mayi (Kas. O): 100% State agents
- Misabi (Kas. O): 100% State agents

Maniema
- Kabambare: 44% State agents, 56% Armed groups
- Kindu: 100% State agents
- Kasongo: 100% State agents

Tanganyika
- Kalemie: 14% State agents, 86% Armed groups
- Nyunzu: 70% State agents, 30% Armed groups
- Moba: 100% State agents
- Manono: 100% State agents
- Kabalo: 100% State agents


Figure 2. Number of violations per province in DRC

The boundaries and names shown and designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Figure 3/4. Quarterly evolution of the number of human rights violations / Reported violations per alleged perpetrator

Figure 5. Number of adult victims of CRSV by perpetrators

The provinces concerned in this section are determined by the MARA Working Group which reports to the SRSG on Sexual Violence in Conflict. In 2020, they include the provinces above as well as Haut Katanga, Lualaba, Haut Lomami and Tshopo.
Documented violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms linked to restrictions on democratic space in the DRC

United Nations Joint Human Rights Office in the DRC (UNJHRO) MONUSCO – OHCHR

July 2020

REPORTED HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS IN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO (DRC)

Figure 1. Percentage of alleged perpetrators

- 12% Armed groups (10)
- 8% ANR (7)
- 28% FARDC (24)
- 6% Other State actors (5)
- 46% PNC (39)

85 TOTAL VIOLATIONS

Figure 2. Percentage of victims and reported affiliation

- 56% Civil society members (36)
- 30% Others / non-identified (19)
- 9% Media (6)
- 5% Members of political parties (3)

64 TOTAL VICTIMS

Figure 3. Number of violations per province in DRC

The boundaries and names shown and designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Figure 4. Monthly evolution of documented human rights violations

Total reported violations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>Violations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January</td>
<td>91</td>
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<tr>
<td>February</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
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<td>May</td>
<td>93</td>
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<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total reported violations: 88 (June 2020) 85 (July 2020)

The figures mentioned in this fact sheet do not reflect a complete overview of the human rights violations in the DRC but only relate to the cases documented and verified by the UNJHRO through OHCHR methodology and standards. Statistics on the number of violations reported may increase or decrease over a given period of time due to numerous factors outside the control and/or knowledge of the UNJHRO, and must therefore be used with caution.

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